

IAS MAINS 2019-GS1 Q3- Answer

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Indian Renaissance



Examine the linkage between the 19th century's of Indian Renaissance and the emergence of national identity



Introduction



What is Indian renaissance? What was the situation prior to Indian renaissance?



The social and religious movements, of 19th century is popularly termed as the Indian renaissance. They preceded the political struggles, are considered a necessary precursor to the coming of nationalism.



India in the 19th century was caught in a vicious web created by religious superstitions and fragmented society. In such times Socio- religious reform movements played major role in emergence of national identity.



BODY



PositiveNegative



Positive Cultural pride Modernisation vs Westernisation Upliftment of vulnerable section of society



Negative Division of Hindus and Muslim Mysticism in the name of greatness of past Revivalist tendencies Narrow social base



Positive-

- Raja ram mohan roy
- Ishwar Chandra vidya sagar
- Vivekananda
- Justice movement
- Self respect movement
- Temple entry movement



Negatives Ahmadiyya movement Dharma Sabha



Conclusion



How relevant is study of 19th century reforms in todays India

Continuous struggle for imbibing nationalism

New challenges to National Identity



The fruits and undesirable byproducts of Indian renaissance, both have become part of daily existence of Today's India. So, it is vital to study reforms of 19th century to study Today's Indian society.



 Even in this 21st century, India is yet to fully achieve the ideals of Humanism, Universalism and Rationalism.
 Continuous Reforms in society and religion will strengthen the National identity among the masses.



Misinformation/superstition in the age of Internet presents a new challenge to Nationalism and national identity. The positive elements of 19th century can act as guiding light.

Q. Examine the linkage between the 19th century Indian renaissance and emergence of national Identity.

Religious superchibion & fragmentation of society mere the norms of 19th Century India. la such himes, socio-religious reforms macements or Indian Renaissance played major role in emergence of national identity. Positive role played by Indian Renaissance -(1) Exhanced Cultural Inde to establish national identity-· Back to Veders, given by Anya Samaj established that Indian culture is not inferior to British or European culture. Gave middle class much needed culturel roots to ding to I This dass later became the leader of freedom struggle. @ Promoted [Modernisation] and not outright westernisation · 'Vinekanda's teaching' allowed growth of Indian identity as separate & independent Cambo which identity.





